

DESCRIPTIONS OF TWO NEW SPECIES OF *CYPRÆA*
FROM WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

BY AGNES F. KENYON.

CYPRÆA KAISERI, n.sp.

Shell more pyriform and elegantly shaped than in *C. pyriformis*, more attenuated at the anterior extremity; it is also smaller, with the back more raised; the dorsal surface cream-coloured, minutely freckled with light brown specks; base white, more convex than in *C. pyriformis*; the side spots smaller and of a darker brown; spire umbilicated; there is an absence of the end blotches present in both *C. pyriformis* and *C. smithi*, and it is altogether a more exquisitely shaped shell; columellar teeth 15, red as in *C. pyriformis*, those on the lip numbering 17, sharp and white; the anterior end is produced as in *C. pulchella*.

Long 21; greatest lateral breadth 13, smallest 4 mm.

Hab.—Lagrange Bay, Western Australia (A. F. Kenyon).

CYPRÆA WILHELMINA, n.sp.

Shell with the dorsal surface of a light cream colour, spotted with yellow, a few of the spots being ocellated; base ivory-white; columella with 17 teeth, rather obtuse; outer lip with 18, also possessing three smaller additional ones extending beyond the 18, inside the channel at the posterior extremity; anterior end slightly produced.

Long 18; lateral width 10 mm.

Hab.—Western Australia (A. F. Kenyon).

I have also a young specimen and three others from the same locality of a more ovate form, similar in shape and dentition to *C. poraria*, but as they have a cream-coloured, yellow-spotted dorsal surface, and the base ivory-white without the faintest tinge of purple, I should class them as slight varieties of *C. wilhelmina*.